



Electric & General Investment Fund

Annual Report including long form financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022

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Authorised status

The Electric & General Investment Fund (the 'Company'/the 'Fund') is an investment company with variable capital (ICVC) under regulation 12 (Authorisation) of the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 and is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's (FCA) Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (COLL).

The Electric & General Investment Fund is a UCITS Scheme which complies with the requirement of the FCA 'COLL Rules', including the investment and borrowing powers in Chapter 5.

Shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Company.

Fund information

Investment objective and policy

The Company's investment objective is to seek to achieve long term (at least five years) capital growth with some potential for income.

To achieve the investment objective, the Company's investment policy is to invest principally (at least 80%) in a portfolio of global equities, and may also invest in other transferable securities, bonds (both corporate and government debt securities), collective investment schemes ('CIS'), warrants, money market instruments, cash, near cash and deposits. The Company may borrow and may enter into underwriting arrangements. It is the ACD's intention that derivatives and forward currency transactions will only be used for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging, as defined by the Regulations.

The Company is actively managed and has, with the exception of the above noted minimum, no limit to which it can be invested in each sector or asset type, nor is there any particular geographic focus. The Portfolio Manager has full flexibility to adjust the proportion of the property of the Company depending on their view of market conditions and the assets which it believes are most likely to achieve the Company's investment objective. From time to time the liquidity of the Company may be increased substantially if judged to be in the interests of investors.

The Company may invest in CIS which have different investment strategies or restrictions than the Company, including the ability to invest in derivatives for investment purposes and to gain exposure to assets which are not expressly listed above. Investment in CIS will usually be limited to those which invest primarily in the assets listed above and without exception, CIS will only be held in so far as the rules permit the Company to gain exposure to the assets held by those CIS.

A Glossary of Definitions which provides definitions to some of the technical language used in this document is available from www.yealand.com/policies.

The Company benefits from a board of Independent Directors whose duties include the oversight of key elements of the Company's operation.

Comparator benchmark

To gauge the relative performance of the Fund, Shareholders may compare the Fund's performance against the Investment Association's Global Sector. This is not a performance target nor constrains the way in which the Fund is managed. For further information on the Sector and its intended use, please refer to the Fund's Prospectus.

Fund information

continued

Target market

Electric & General Investment Fund may be suitable for all eligible investors (be they retail clients, professional clients or eligible counterparties, each as defined in glossary to the UK Financial Conduct Authorities Handbook of Rules and Guidance) who are seeking long-term capital growth with some potential for income by investing principally in a portfolio of global equities, provided they can meet any minimum age and minimum investment amounts. Financial experience is not considered a necessity. However, investors must at least understand a product where capital is at risk and have the capacity to bear losses (possibly total) on their original investment, accepting risk to their capital.

The Fund may be suitable as a component of a portfolio and for investors who are looking to set aside their capital for the long term (at least five years), though shares may be redeemed on a daily basis.

The risk and reward profile for the Fund is set out in the Key Investor Information Document(s) for the Fund.

Any investor should be willing to accept price fluctuations.

Electric & General Investment Fund is unlikely to be compatible with the requirements of an investor:

- investors looking for guaranteed income or return;
- seeking full capital protection;
- who does not have sufficient resources to bear any loss resulting from the investment;
- who is not able to evaluate the risks and merits of the Fund; and/or
- with a short-term (less than five years) investment horizon

Investment manager

The investment manager to the Fund is Troy Asset Management Limited.

Distribution

Shareholders may own accumulation and/or income shares, which entitle them to a share in any allocation/distribution of income made by the Company. Normal distribution dates are the last day of February and 31 August for income accrued as at 31 December and 30 June respectively.

Future distributions may fluctuate depending on the mix of assets over any specific reporting period.

Annual management fee

The annual fee due to the Authorised Corporate Director is 0.04% per annum.

The investment manager, Troy Asset Management Limited, receives for its own account a periodic fee of 0.60% per annum.

If the Fund invests in a collective investment scheme operated by the above management group, then the Fund will receive rebates of any management fees on these investments or pay a reduced investment management fee to reflect this.

Investment manager's report for the year ending 30 June 2022

The Fund made disappointing returns in the last 12 months as the environment for global equities became increasingly difficult. Inflationary pressure has grown, firstly as supply chains were disrupted by the pandemic, and then by the economic consequences of the war in Ukraine. Central banks are belatedly raising interest rates from historically low levels and most asset classes have adjusted lower to reflect the higher cost of capital. A recession is widely anticipated.

The Fund has fared poorly because it is neither invested where there are pockets of strength (e.g. energy), nor sufficiently orientated to traditionally defensive sectors, such as utilities and consumer staples. Three of the top five contributors to returns are healthcare companies – Becton Dickinson, Alcon and Novartis – and a fourth is Nestlé. All four exhibit relatively low levels of earnings cyclicality and can be considered 'safe havens' in current circumstances. The fifth, and largest, contributor was Microsoft, which performed strongly in the first half of the year, buoyed by outstanding operating results. Investments in technology as a whole – defined to include internet and payments companies – detracted from performance by sharing in the broad-based downdraft affecting the sector. The Fund has deliberately avoided the speculative and profitless areas of technology, but the portfolio's investments have not escaped increasingly negative sentiment. Furthermore, investments in PayPal and Meta Platforms (formerly Facebook) have experienced company-specific issues which caused them to be the largest detractors to the Fund's returns. Both companies face slowing rates of growth, having been turbo-charged during the pandemic. This dynamic is compounded by other, temporary pressures driven by competitive and cyclical forces. We remain optimistic about these companies' capacity to compete and generate attractive, highly cash-generative growth over the longer term. Their valuations are among the most appealing in the portfolio. The other leading detractors to the Fund's returns were Medtronic, Adobe and Heineken Holding. Medtronic has struggled to manage its operations as it navigates various manufacturing and research & development challenges, in part brought on by the pandemic's impact on patient procedure volumes and supply chains. Adobe is a new holding which we have scaled as technology stocks get re-priced lower. Heineken is one of the few companies in the portfolio significantly exposed to higher input cost pressure as commodity prices soar.

Dividend

The Fund will provisionally pay holders of its Income share class a final dividend of 0.94 pence per share, giving a total dividend for the year ending 30 June 2022 of 1.04 pence per share. This total dividend is substantially below 2021's distribution, consistent with the previously communicated strategy to prioritise flexibility and long-term total returns.

Portfolio activity

Portfolio turnover has remained elevated as the Fund takes advantage of stock market volatility to enhance the profile of the Fund. There were three outright sales and two new investments. The Fund ended the year with 26 holdings.

The Fund disposed of residual holdings in eBay, Reckitt Benckiser and Nestlé. All were significant portfolio holdings at one time, but for various reasons their importance and relevance has dwindled. eBay has created value by divesting assets, including PayPal, but it has struggled to sustainably grow its core Marketplace division. Reckitt trades on a full valuation as new management rectify the errors of the past. Nestlé's shares are expensive as investors seek safety within consumer staples and recognise the company's improved product portfolio and financial productivity.

The Fund acquired new holdings in design software provider Adobe and luxury goods conglomerate LVMH. These are two companies we have long-admired and their sagging share prices has provided an opportunity to add them to the portfolio. Both have enduring and diversified business franchises, management that invest deeply to establish long track records for cash-generative growth, whilst maintaining strong balance sheets.

Elsewhere, the Fund added to holdings in Mastercard, Meta, Moody's, Take-Two Interactive and Visa. These purchases sought to take advantage of what we consider to be favourable valuations. Holdings in Alphabet, American Express, Becton Dickinson, Intuit, Medtronic and Microsoft were all reduced at richer valuations.

Investment manager's report
for the year ending 30 June 2022
continued

Outlook

In the 1940s the artist Henri Matisse underwent surgery for cancer that left him bedridden and reliant on a wheelchair. He adapted his methods to produce collages that are among his most popular works, writing that, 'there are always flowers for those that want to see them'. English gardens at this time of year are in full bloom and yet investors are in the mood to only see the weeds. Our perception is determined by our chosen field of vision. Pessimism may be warranted in the near term as investors observe central banks belatedly raising interest rates to bring down the rate of inflation. A recession will occur at some stage and there is plenty of scope for error on all sides – among policymakers, corporates and investors. We cannot be sure when, where or how this will all end. The shorter term appears worrying for the average company, and yet the mainstay of the portfolio is far above the average. The longer-term outlook for superior businesses remains bright and this is where our focus remains. We expect this group to be resilient in adversity and to continue to invest and grow as their circumstances change. It is anomalous to us that they are valued in-line with average companies. This gives us optimism that their prospective returns can outperform in the long run.

Troy Asset Management Limited
18 July 2022

Net asset value per share, price record and comparative tables

Change in net asset value per share

All prices quoted are based on bid price

	Income shares			Accumulation shares		
	Year ended 30 June 2022 p	Year ended 30 June 2021 p	Year ended 30 June 2020 p	Year ended 30 June 2022 p	Year ended 30 June 2021 p	Period ended* 30 June 2020 p
Opening net asset value per share	292.94	246.98	226.21	298.40	249.78	226.21
Return before operating charges [†]	(28.50)	50.34	25.72	(29.16)	50.90	25.83
Operating charges	(2.52)	(2.28)	(2.25)	(2.52)	(2.28)	(2.26)
Return after operating charges[†]	(31.02)	48.06	23.47	(31.68)	48.62	23.57
Distributions on income shares						
Interim	(0.10)	(0.70)	(1.08)	n/a	n/a	n/a
Final	(0.94)	(1.40)	(1.62)	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total distributions on income shares	(1.04)	(2.10)	(2.70)	0.00	0.00	n/a
Closing net asset value per share	260.88	292.94	246.98	266.72	298.40	249.78
Retained distributions on accumulation shares						
Interim	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.10	0.71	1.08
Final	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.95	1.42	1.62
[†] after direct transaction costs of	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.04	0.03

Performance

Return after operating charges	(10.6)%	19.5%	10.4%	(10.6)%	19.5%	10.4%
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Other information

Closing net asset value (NAV)	£94,615,263	£113,666,133	£108,664,763	£1,385,216	£1,294,788	£975,735
Closing number of shares	36,267,220	38,802,203	43,997,947	519,351	433,912	390,638
Operating charges	0.86%	0.88%	0.97%	0.86%	0.88%	0.97%
Direct transaction costs	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%

Prices (p)

Highest	319.0	295.4	251.9	324.9	299.4	253.2
Lowest	251.6	239.6	196.0	256.3	242.3	197.3

*Accumulation shares from launch date 16 October 2019.

KIID risk and reward profile

The numerical risk and reward indicator as published in the latest Key Investor Information Document (KIID) is a rating of 5 for both the income and accumulation share class (2021: category 6). The share classes are ranked in risk category 5 as funds of this type have experienced above average rises and falls historically.

For more information on the Fund risk and reward profile please refer to the most up to date KIID which is available from the Authorised Corporate Director or at www.yealand.com.

Value assessment report

We are required to undertake a formal review of the Fund in order to assess the value which Shareholders are receiving from their investments. This assessment considers elements such as the fees which are paid, the quality of services provided and the investment performance obtained. We are required to publish a report which summarises the outcome of the review and, if relevant, to take steps to address any instances of poor value. We publish a single value assessment report covering all our funds by 31 January each year. Copies of these reports can be obtained from <https://yealand.com/policies/>.

Statement of the Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities

The Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook published by the FCA, ('the COLL Rules') require the Authorised Corporate Director ('ACD') to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund and of the net income and net gains or losses on the property of the Fund for the period.

In preparing the financial statements the ACD is responsible for:

- selecting suitable accounting policies and then applying them consistently;
- making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- following UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*;
- complying with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association in May 2014;
- keeping proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern;
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so;
- such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularities.

The ACD is responsible for the management of the Fund in accordance with its Instrument of Incorporation, the Prospectus and the COLL Rules.

Approval of the annual report by the Authorised Corporate Director (ACD)

In accordance with the requirements of a UCITS which complies with the requirements of the FCA COLL as per COLL 4.5.8B R, we hereby approve the report on behalf of Yealand Fund Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Rob Leedham
On behalf of Yealand Fund Services Limited,
the Authorised Fund Manager
31 August 2022

Simon Longfellow
On behalf of the Independent Directors
31 August 2022

Statement of the Depositary's responsibilities and report of the Depositary to the Shareholders of Electric & General Investment Fund (the 'Company') for the year ended 30 June 2022

The Depositary must ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228) (the OEIC Regulations), as amended, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together 'the Regulations'), the Company's Instrument of Incorporation and Prospectus (together 'the Scheme documents') as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Company and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Company in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Company's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Company is booked into the cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, redemption and cancellation of shares are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of shares in the Company is calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Company's assets is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits;
- the Company's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ('the AFM') are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Company.

Having carried out such procedures as we consider necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Company, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that in all material respects the Company, acting through the AFM:

- I. has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Company's shares and the application of the Company's income in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Company, and
- II. has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Company.

*NatWest Trustee and Depositary Services Limited
31 August 2022*

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Electric & General Investment Fund (the 'Fund')

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Electric & General Investment Fund ('the Fund'), for the year ending 30 June 2022 which comprise the Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders, the Balance sheet, the Statement of total return, the related notes and the Distribution tables. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Financial Statements of Authorised Funds' issued by the Investment Association (the 'Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds').

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the net expense and net capital losses on the property of the Fund for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Prospectus, the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to Authorised Funds, the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook issued by the Financial Conduct Authority and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the ACD's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the ACD with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The ACD is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Electric & General Investment Fund (the 'Fund') (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Fund Manager's report and the ACD's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Fund Manager's report and the ACD's report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Fund and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Fund Manager's report or the ACD's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of ACD remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Authorised Corporate Director

As explained more fully in the ACD's responsibilities statement, the ACD is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the ACD determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the ACD is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the ACD either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Fund and determined the most significant are those that relate to the reporting framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, the Companies Act 2006, the IMA SORP 2014) and the relevant tax and other compliance regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Fund operates.
- We understood how the Fund is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of management, and those responsible for legal and compliance procedures. We corroborated our enquiries through our review of relevant correspondence received from regulatory and legal bodies.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Electric & General Investment Fund (the 'Fund') (continued)

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- We assessed the susceptibility of the Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by enquiring with management during the planning and execution phase of our audit. We considered the programs and controls that the ACD has established to address risks identified, or that otherwise prevent, deter and detect fraud and how senior management monitors those programs and controls. Where the risk was considered to be higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk including revenue recognition. These procedures included testing manual journals and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error.
 - Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify noncompliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved journal entry testing, with a focus on manual journals and journals indicating large or unusual transactions based on our understanding of the business; enquiries of the finance team and management; and focused testing.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the shareholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with Rule 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Scheme Sourcebook (COLL) of the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA). Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Fund's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Robert Wood
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of
Shipleys LLP
Chartered accountant and statutory auditor
10 Orange Street
Haymarket
London
WC2H 7DQ
31 August 2022

Portfolio statement
as at 30 June 2022

Holding	Investment	Market value £'000	% of total net assets
EQUITIES - 98.41% (99.18%)			
Europe (ex UK) - 18.80% (18.09%)			
France - 3.37% (1.67%)			
6,000	L'Oréal	1,700	1.77
3,063	LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton	1,534	1.60
		<u>3,234</u>	<u>3.37</u>
Netherlands - 3.40% (3.06%)			
54,580	Heineken Holding	3,264	3.40
Switzerland - 12.03% (13.36%)			
63,506	Alcon	3,643	3.80
52,718	Novartis	3,666	3.82
15,441	Roche Holding	4,231	4.41
		<u>11,540</u>	<u>12.03</u>
Total Europe (ex UK)		<u>18,038</u>	<u>18.80</u>
North America - 70.99% (70.47%)			
8,806	Adobe Systems	2,650	2.76
33,571	Agilent Technologies	3,277	3.41
4,377	Alphabet 'A'	7,840	8.17
26,790	American Express Company	3,052	3.18
10,761	Becton Dickinson & Company	2,181	2.27
1,309	Booking Holdings	1,882	1.96
50,240	Fiserv	3,674	3.83
12,874	Intuit	4,079	4.25
25,576	Mastercard 'A'	6,632	6.91
42,726	Medtronic	3,152	3.28
34,436	Meta Platforms 'A'	4,564	4.75
38,832	Microsoft	8,197	8.54
11,145	Moody's	2,491	2.59
47,511	PayPal Holdings	2,727	2.84
5,650	S&P Global	1,565	1.63
18,992	Take-Two Interactive Software	1,913	1.99
51,201	Visa 'A'	8,286	8.63
		<u>68,162</u>	<u>70.99</u>

Portfolio statement
 as at 30 June 2022
continued

Holding	Investment	Market value £'000	% of total net assets
EQUITIES - 98.41% (99.18%) - continued			
United Kingdom - 8.62% (10.62%)			
49,962	Diageo	1,763	1.84
150,162	Experian	3,613	3.76
77,921	Unilever	2,899	3.02
		8,275	8.62
	TOTAL EQUITIES	94,475	98.41
	Portfolio of investments	94,475	98.41
	Net other assets	1,525	1.59
	Net Assets	96,000	100.00
	Summary portfolio of investments	Market value £'000	% of Investments
	Equities	94,475	100.00
	Portfolio of investments	94,475	100.00

*Figures in brackets refer to the proportion of the Fund invested in the equivalent investments as at 30 June 2021.
 All investments are in ordinary stocks and shares except where otherwise stated.*

Summary of major portfolio changes

The total purchases and top ten sales for the reporting period

Purchases	Cost £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
Adobe Systems	3,187	Intuit	3,144
Visa 'A'	2,943	Nestlé	3,054
Meta Platforms 'A'	2,464	Microsoft	2,637
Mastercard 'A'	2,104	American Express Company	2,517
LVMH Moët Hennessy Louis Vuitton	1,627	eBay	1,865
Moody's	1,504	Becton Dickinson & Company	1,684
Take-Two Interactive Software	1,138	Alphabet 'A'	1,667
PayPal Holdings	629	Reckitt Benckiser Group	1,467
Heineken Holding	376	Medtronic	1,061
		Diageo	1,060

Statement of total return
for the year ending 30 June 2022

	Note	30 June 2022 £'000	30 June 2021 £'000
Income			
Net capital (losses)/gains	4	(11,517)	19,062
Revenue	6	1,088	1,471
Expenses	7	(976)	(957)
Interest payable and similar charges	9	-	-
Net revenue before taxation		112	514
Taxation	8	(172)	(78)
Net (expense)/revenue after taxation		(60)	436
Total return before distributions		(11,577)	19,498
Distributions	9	(400)	(870)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities		(11,977)	18,628

Statement of change in net assets attributable to shareholders
for the year ending 30 June 2022

	30 June 2022 £'000	30 June 2021 £'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders	114,961	109,641
Amounts receivable on issue of shares	8,175	2,432
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(15,164)	(15,749)
	(6,989)	(13,317)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities (see above)	(11,977)	18,628
Retained distribution on accumulation shares	5	9
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders	96,000	114,961

Balance sheet
 as at 30 June 2022

	Note	30 June 2022 £'000	30 June 2021 £'000
Assets:			
Investments		94,475	114,018
Current assets:			
Debtors	10	78	72
Cash and bank balances		1,867	1,563
		<u>1,945</u>	<u>1,635</u>
Total assets		<u>96,420</u>	<u>115,653</u>
Liabilities:			
Provisions for liabilities:			
Net distributions payable on income shares		(342)	(544)
Creditors	11	<u>(78)</u>	<u>(148)</u>
Total liabilities		<u>(420)</u>	<u>(692)</u>
Net assets attributable to shareholders		<u><u>96,000</u></u>	<u><u>114,961</u></u>

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

1. Accounting policies

A. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with FRS 102 and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds (SORP) issued by The Investment Association (IA) in May 2014, updated June 2017.

Where applicable a balance sheet item line is included for cash and cash equivalent investments. Whereby, representing highly liquid cash investments held in the base currency of the Fund, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of change.

The ACD is confident that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future. The Company has adequate financial resources and its assets consist of securities which are readily realisable. As such, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The base currency of the Company is Sterling and is taken to be the 'functional currency' of the Company.

B. Valuation of investments

Listed investments are valued at bid market value at 23:59 on the balance sheet date net of any accrued interest which is included in the balance sheet as an income related item. Collective investment schemes are valued at quoted bid prices for dual priced funds and at quoted prices for single priced funds, on the last business day of the accounting period. Unlisted or suspended investments are valued by the Investment Manager taking into account, where appropriate, latest dealing prices, valuations from independent reliable sources, financial performance and other relevant factors.

C. Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Sterling at the rate ruling at the date of the transactions.

Assets and liabilities denominated in overseas currencies have been translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at 23:59 on the last business day of the accounting period. Exchange rate differences arising on the translation are recognised in the statement of total return for the year.

D. Financial derivative instruments

- I. Currency contracts and options - Spot and forward currency contracts and options are marked to market daily and the change in value is recorded as an unrealised gain or loss. Realised gains or losses, equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed, are recorded upon delivery or receipt of the currency or, if a spot or forward currency contract is offset by entering into another spot or forward currency contract with the same broker, upon settlement of the net gain or loss.
- II. Futures contracts - Futures contracts are marked to market daily and an appropriate gain or loss for the change in value ('variation margin') is recorded by the Fund as realised.
- III. Options - Options are marked to market daily and an appropriate gain or loss for the change in value ('variation margin') is recorded by the Fund as realised.
- IV. Efficient portfolio management - Where appropriate, certain permitted transactions such as derivatives or forward currency transactions are used for efficient management. Where such transactions are used to protect or enhance revenue, the revenue and expenses derived therefrom are included in 'Revenue' or 'Expenses' in the statement of total return. Where such transactions are used to protect or enhance capital, the gains and losses derived therefrom are included in 'Net capital gains' in the statement of total return. Any positions on such transactions open at the period end are reflected in the balance sheet at their mark to market value.

E. Revenue

Dividends from quoted equity and non-equity shares are recognised net of attributable tax credits when the security is quoted ex-dividend. Overseas dividends received after the deduction of withholding tax are shown gross of taxation, with the taxation consequences shown within the tax charge. Dividends are recognised as either revenue or capital depending upon the nature and circumstances of the dividend receivable.

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

1. Accounting policies - continued**E. Revenue - continued**

Revenue from unquoted equity investments is recognised when the dividend is declared.

Interest on debt securities is recognised on an accruals basis, taking into account the effective yield on the investment and is treated as revenue. The effective yield basis amortises or accretes any discount or premium on the purchase of an investment over its remaining life based on estimated future cashflow. Any adjustments resulting from changes in cashflow estimates are treated as capital.

Distributions from collective investment schemes are recognised when the schemes are quoted ex-distribution. Equalisation returned with the distribution is deducted from the cost of the scheme and does not form part of the distributable income. Deemed distributions and reportable income from offshore funds are calculated and are included in revenue. Rebates of annual management charges (AMC rebates) from underlying funds are accounted for on an accruals basis and are recognised as revenue or capital in line with the distribution policies of the underlying funds.

Underwriting commission is wholly recognised as revenue when the issue takes place, except where the Fund is required to take up all or some of the shares underwritten, in which case an appropriate proportion of the commission received is deducted from the cost of those shares. The ordinary element of stocks received in lieu of cash dividends are recognised as revenue of the Fund. Any enhancement above the cash dividend is treated as capital. Interest on bank and other cash deposits is recognised on an accruals basis.

F. Expenses

For accounting purposes, all expenses (other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments) are charged against revenue for the year on an accruals basis, with the exception of the investment manager's fee which is charged two thirds to capital for the purpose of determining the distribution.

G. Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Directors' and Officers' Liability insurance cover is held by the Company in respect of the Directors and is renewed annually.

H. Policy on Director's Remuneration

The Company's policy is for the Independent Directors to be remunerated in the form of fees payable immediately after each quarter end.

I. Taxation

Provision is made for corporation tax at the current rate on the excess of taxable revenue over allowable expenses. Provision is made on all material timing differences arising from the different treatment of items for accounting and tax purposes. A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that there will be taxable profits in the future against which the asset can be offset.

Offshore income gains from funds, without reporting status, are liable to corporation tax at 20% and any resulting charge is deducted from capital.

J. Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided for on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, other than those differences regarded as permanent. Any liability to deferred taxation is provided for at the average rate of taxation expected to apply, based on tax rates substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is expected to be utilised, based on the likelihood of taxable profits arising in the next twelve month period from which the future reversal of timing differences could be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted to reflect the time value of money, unless material.

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

2. Distribution policy

The Fund will distribute all revenue disclosed in the financial statements (less expenses and taxation) subject to an adjustment for other expenses deemed to be of a capital nature. Should expenses and taxation exceed revenue, there will be no distribution and the shortfall will be met from capital.

Income earned in an interim accounting period may not all be distributed immediately but retained and used to ensure that distributions paid throughout the year are broadly similar. This policy is known as 'smoothing'.

Interim distributions may be made at the ACD's discretion.

Distributions which have remained unclaimed by shareholders for more than six years are credited to the capital property of the Fund.

3. Risk management policies

In pursuing its investment objective the Fund holds a number of financial instruments. These comprise equity, fixed income securities, foreign currency contracts and cash.

Short-term debtors and creditors that arise directly from its operations are not considered financial instruments.

The main risks arising from the Fund's financial instruments are market price, currency and interest rate risks. The ACD reviews (and agrees with the Depositary) policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged since the beginning of the year to which these financial statements relate.

Shares in the Fund should generally be regarded as long term investments.

- I. Market risk – Arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of adverse price movements. The ACD meets regularly to consider the asset allocation of the portfolio in order to minimise the risk associated with particular countries or industry sectors whilst continuing to follow the investment objective. The ACD has responsibility for monitoring the existing portfolio selected in accordance with the overall asset allocation parameters described above and seeks to ensure that individual stocks also meet the risk reward profile that is acceptable.
- II. Foreign currency risk – A portion of the Fund's assets and income are denominated in currencies other than Sterling, which is the currency of shares in the Fund. The income and capital value of the Fund's investments can be significantly affected by foreign currency translation movements. The principal area where foreign currency risk could impact the Fund is movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments. The ACD has the responsibility for monitoring the foreign currency risk of the Fund and does this by reviewing the underlying exposure to foreign currencies on the security holdings and cash positions. Where it is considered necessary the manager will use forward foreign currency contracts to reduce the risk to this underlying foreign currency exposure. The purpose of any forward foreign currency contract is to manage the currency risk arising from the Fund's investment activities. Open positions, which are all covered, are included in the net current assets attributable to shareholders as shown in the balance sheet. Numerical disclosure of the foreign currency risk profile is made in note 15 of the notes to the financial statements.
- III. Interest rate risk – The risk that the value of the Fund's investments will fluctuate as a result of interest rate changes. The value of fixed interest securities may be affected by changes in the interest rate environment, either globally or locally. Changes in the rate of return in one asset class may influence the valuation basis of other classes. The amount of income receivable from fixed interest securities and bank balances or payable on bank overdrafts will be affected by fluctuations in interest rates. Numerical disclosure of the interest rate risk profile is made in note 15 of the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

3. Risk management policies - continued

IV. Liquidity risk – The Fund’s assets comprise mainly readily realisable securities, which can be readily sold. The main liability of the Fund is the redemption of any shares that investors may wish to sell.

V. Credit risk – Certain transactions in securities that the Fund enters into expose it to the risk that the counterparty will not deliver the investment (purchase) or cash (sale) after the Fund has fulfilled its responsibilities.

The Fund minimises this risk by conducting trades through reputable counter parties.

VI. Fair value – There is no material difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the balance sheet, and their fair value.

	Year ended 30 June 2022 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 £'000
4 Net capital (losses)/gains		
The net capital (losses)/gains on investments during the period comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	(11,515)	19,064
Transaction charges	(2)	(2)
Net capital (losses)/gains on investments	<u>(11,517)</u>	<u>19,062</u>

5 Portfolio Transaction costs

Year ended 30 June 2022

Analysis of purchases	Net purchase cost £'000	Commissions paid £'000	%	Taxes £'000	%	Purchases before transaction costs £'000
Equities	15,972	7	0.04	6	0.04	15,959
Total purchases after commissions and tax	<u>15,972</u>					

Analysis of sales	Net sales proceeds £'000	Commissions paid £'000	%	Taxes £'000	%	Sales before transaction costs £'000
Equities	24,011	8	0.03	-	-	24,019
Total sales after commissions and tax	<u>24,011</u>					

Commission % of average NAV 0.01

Taxes % of average NAV 0.01

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued
5 Portfolio Transaction costs - continued

Year ended 30 June 2021

Analysis of purchases	Net purchase	Commissions		Taxes		Purchases
	cost	paid		%		£'000
	£'000	£'000		£'000		transaction
						costs
						£'000
Equities	15,580	5	0.03	-	-	15,575
Total purchases after						
commissions and tax	15,580					
Analysis of sales	Net sales	Commissions		Taxes		Sales
	proceeds	paid		%		£'000
	£'000	£'000		£'000		transaction
						costs
						£'000
Equities	26,460	10	0.04	-	-	26,470
Total sales after						
commissions and tax	26,460					

Commission % of average NAV 0.01

Taxes % of average NAV 0.00

Direct transaction costs are fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties associated with investment transactions on the Fund. These exclude any differences between quoted bid and offer prices or internal administrative on holding costs.

Portfolio dealing spread

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Average portfolio spread	0.02%	0.04%

The average portfolio spread is the difference between the bid and offer prices of the weighted underlying investments, divided by the offer price expressed as a percentage.

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	£'000	£'000
6 Revenue		
UK franked dividends	242	407
Non taxable overseas dividends	844	1,064
Bank interest	2	-
Total revenue	1,088	1,471

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

	Year ended 30 June 2022 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 £'000
7 Expenses		
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	46	44
Administration fees	106	103
Independent Directors' emoluments	21	50
Price publication fees	2	2
Registration fees	41	42
	<u>216</u>	<u>241</u>
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary fees	37	35
Safe custody fees	4	6
	<u>41</u>	<u>41</u>
Other expenses		
Audit fees	8	7
Directors and officers liability insurance	13	8
Investment manager fees	691	652
Price publication fees	5	6
Printing and publication costs	2	2
	<u>719</u>	<u>675</u>
Total expenses	<u>976</u>	<u>957</u>
8 Taxation		
a. Analysis of the tax charge for the period		
Overseas withholding tax	172	78
Current tax charge (note 8b)	172	78
Total tax charge	<u>172</u>	<u>78</u>
<i>Corporation tax has been provided at a rate of 20%.</i>		
b. Factors affecting the tax charge for the period		
Net revenue before taxation	<u>112</u>	<u>514</u>
<i>The tax charged for the period is lower than the standard 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to open ended investment companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:</i>		
Corporation tax at 20% thereon (2021: 20%):	22	103
Effects of:		
UK Franked investment income	(48)	(81)
Non taxable investment income	(169)	(213)
Movement in excess management expenses	195	191
UK corporation tax	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Overseas withholding tax	172	78
Current tax charge for the period (note 8a)	<u>172</u>	<u>78</u>

At 30 June 2022 the Company has unrelieved excess management expenses of £10,418,521 (2021: £9,444,361). It is unlikely that there will be sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these expenses and therefore a deferred tax asset of £2,083,704 (2021: £1,888,871) has not been recognised.

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

	Year ended 30 June 2022 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 £'000
9 Finance costs		
The distributions take account of income received on the issue of shares and income deducted on the cancellation of shares and comprise:		
Interim accumulation	-	3
Interim distribution	40	292
Final accumulation	5	6
Final distribution	343	545
Net distributions for the period	388	846
Add: Income deducted on cancellation of shares	23	27
Deduct: Income received on issue of shares	(11)	(3)
Net distribution for the period	400	870
Interest	-	-
Total finance costs	400	870
Reconciliation of distribution:		
Net (expense)/revenue after taxation	(60)	436
Add: Capitalised investment manager's fee	460	434
Net distribution for the period	400	870
<i>Details of the distribution per share are set out in the distribution table.</i>		
	30 June 2022 £'000	30 June 2021 £'000
10 Debtors		
<i>Accrued income</i>		
Franked income receivable	68	65
<i>Accrued expenses</i>		
Amounts payable to the ACD, or associates of the ACD:		
Price publication fees	3	-
<i>Other expenses</i>		
Insurance - Directors liability insurance	7	7
Total debtors	78	72

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

	30 June 2022 £'000	30 June 2021 £'000
11 Creditors		
Amounts payable on cancellations	(2)	(14)
<i>Accrued expenses</i>		
Amounts payable to the ACD, or associates of the ACD:		
ACD fee	(4)	(4)
Administration fee	(8)	(9)
Price publication fees	-	(1)
Registration fee	(1)	-
Amounts payable to the Depositary, or associates of the Depositary:		
Depositary fee	(3)	(3)
Safe custody fee	(2)	(2)
Other		
Advisory fee	(49)	(106)
Audit fee	(8)	(8)
Printing fee	(1)	(1)
Total creditors	<u>(78)</u>	<u>(148)</u>
12 Shareholders funds	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year ended 30 June 2022
The Fund has two share classes, Accumulation and Income.	Shares Accumulation	Shares Income
Opening number of shares	433,912	38,802,203
Shares issued	86,943	2,800,082
Shares cancelled	(1,504)	(5,335,065)
Closing number of shares	<u>519,351</u>	<u>36,267,220</u>

13 Commitments, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

As at 30 June 2022 there were no outstanding contingent liabilities or commitments (2021: nil).

14 Related parties

Yealand Fund Services Limited, is regarded as a controlling party by virtue of having the ability to act in concert in respect of the operations of the Fund.

The aggregated monies received through creations and liquidations are disclosed in the statement of change in shareholders net assets, amounts due to/from Yealand Fund Services Limited in respect of share transactions at the year end are disclosed in notes 10 and 11.

Management fees and registration fees payable to Yealand Fund Services Limited, are disclosed in note 7 and amounts due at the year end are disclosed in notes 10 and 11.

A shareholder with a holding in excess of 20% of the value of the Company may be able to exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policies of the Company with reference to shareholders' voting rights at general meetings and as such is deemed to be a related party.

At 30 June 2022 there are no material shareholders in excess of 20%.

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

15 Financial instruments

The main risks from the Fund's holdings of financial instruments, together with the ACD's policy for managing these risks, are disclosed in note 3.

Numerical disclosures relating to the Fund are as follows:

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	£'000	£'000
Foreign currency risk		
Euro	6,514	5,459
Swiss franc	11,540	15,348
United States dollar	68,268	81,109
	<u>86,322</u>	<u>101,916</u>
Interest rate risk profile of financial assets and liabilities:		
Financial assets with floating interest rates		
Euro	16	9
United States dollar	39	34
Sterling	1,812	1,520
	<u>1,867</u>	<u>1,563</u>
Financial assets not carrying interest		
Euro	6,498	5,450
Swiss franc	11,540	15,348
United States dollar	68,229	81,075
Sterling	8,283	12,217
	<u>94,550</u>	<u>114,090</u>
Financial liabilities not carrying interest		
Sterling	(417)	(692)
Total assets and liabilities		
Euro	6,514	5,459
Swiss franc	11,540	15,348
United States dollar	68,268	81,109
Sterling	9,678	13,045
	<u>96,000</u>	<u>114,961</u>

The Fund's net cash holdings of £1,867,203 (2021: £1,563,094) are held in floating rate deposit accounts, whose rates are determined by the Bank of England base rate or other local interest rates as appropriate to the currency.

Benchmark rates of index-linked stocks

The floating rate financial assets comprise variable rate securities, bank balances which earn or pay interest at rates linked to the Bank of England base rate or its international equivalents, index-linked securities that earn interest at rates adjusted by changes in the UK Retail Prices Index (RPI) or its international equivalents.

Derivatives and other financial instruments

Sensitivity analysis is not shown because the maximum exposure of derivatives is not significant to the Fund. Open positions at the balance sheet date, which are all covered, are included in the net current assets.

Notes to the financial statements

as at 30 June 2022

continued

16 Fair value disclosure

Valuation technique	30 June 2022		30 June 2021	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Level 1	94,475	-	114,018	-
Level 2	-	-	-	-
Level 3	-	-	-	-
	<u>94,475</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>114,018</u>	<u>0</u>

Level 1. Fair value based on a quoted price for an identical instrument in an active market and generally will include quoted equities, some highly liquid bonds and exchange traded derivatives.

Level 2. Fair value based on the price of a recent transaction for an identical instrument and will generally include holdings in other schemes.

Level 3. Fair value based on a valuation technique that relies significantly on non-observable market data and will generally include unquoted private equities, property and other values not primarily derived from observable market data. Unlisted or suspended investments are valued by the Investment Manager taking into account, where appropriate, latest dealing prices, valuations from independent reliable sources and financial performance.

17 UCITS periodic disclosure

Remuneration policy

Yealand Fund Services Limited rewards its staff fairly and appropriately for their contribution to the growth and success of the business and the provision of a high level of service to clients. The remuneration policy is designed to be consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management.

The remuneration of staff is reviewed annually, taking into account individual performance and market rates for the role being undertaken. Any bonus arrangement is also reviewed annually to ensure alignment with Yealand Fund Services Limited's aims of the growth and success of the business and the provision of a high level of service to clients. There is no direct link to investment performance and bonuses do not encourage excessive risk taking.

Remuneration: Year ended 31 December 2021	Number of staff	Fixed remuneration £'000	Variable remuneration £'000	Total remuneration £'000
Total remuneration	5	346	50	396
Senior management	2	217	28	245
Staff who have a material Impact on Funds' risk profile	3	71	12	83
Staff holding control functions	2	217	28	245

The staff members included in the above analysis support the entirety of the funds managed by the ACD. It is not considered feasible or useful to attempt to apportion these figures to individual funds.

Details of the ACD's most recent remuneration policy, including a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated and the identities of the persons responsible for awarding remuneration and benefits, are available at www.yealand.com/important-information/. A paper copy is available free of charge upon request.

18 Post balance sheet events

There were no material post balance sheet events which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

Distribution table
 for the year ending 30 June 2022
 in pence per share

Income shares

Interim dividend

Group 1 shares - Shares purchased prior to 1 July 2020

Group 2 shares - Shares purchased from 1 July 2021 to 31 December 2021

	Net revenue	Equalisation	Paid on 28 February 2022	Paid on 26 February 2021
Group 1	0.1027	-	0.1027	0.7039
Group 2	0.0120	0.0907	0.1027	0.7039

Final dividend

Group 1 shares - Shares purchased prior to 1 January 2022

Group 2 shares - Shares purchased from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022

	Net revenue	Equalisation	Payable on 31 August 2022	Paid on 31 August 2021
Group 1	0.9445	-	0.9445	1.4026
Group 2	0.1823	0.7622	0.9445	1.4026

Accumulation shares

Interim dividend

Group 1 shares - Shares purchased prior to 1 July 2021

Group 2 shares - Shares purchased from 1 July 2021 to 31 December 2021

	Net revenue	Equalisation	Allocated on 28 February 2022	Allocated on 26 February 2021
Group 1	0.1043	-	0.1043	0.7053
Group 2	0.1043	-	0.1043	0.7053

Final dividend

Group 1 shares - Shares purchased prior to 1 January 2022

Group 2 shares - Shares purchased from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022

	Net revenue	Equalisation	Allocation on 31 August 2022	Allocated on 31 August 2021
Group 1	0.9466	-	0.9466	1.4207
Group 2	0.9066	0.0400	0.9466	1.4207

Equalisation

This applies only to shares purchased during the distribution period (Group 2 shares). It is the average amount of income included in the purchase price of all Group 2 shares, and is refunded to holders of these shares as a return of capital. Being capital it is not liable to income tax, but must be deducted from the cost of shares for capital gains tax purposes.

General information

Significant information

Yealand Group Limited consisted of two entities, Carvetian Capital Management Limited which acts as the Authorised Fund Manager to the Fund, and Yealand Administration Limited, which provides fund administration and transfer agency services to the Fund.

On 1 April 2022, Carvetian Capital Management Limited and Yealand Administration Limited merged to form a single consolidated business and was subsequently rebranded to become Yealand Fund Services Limited on 17 May 2022.

Buying and selling shares

On purchasing shares, you will receive a contract note confirming your purchase, which will be issued the business day after the deal has been priced. As proof of ownership, your name will be recorded on the register following receipt of payment and full registration details.

The Company is valued daily at 10:00a.m. Monday to Friday. The prices calculated at these valuations will determine the price at which your deal is transacted. The Company is priced on a forward basis, i.e. all deals struck before the 10:00 a.m. valuation point receive prices calculated at that valuation point.

The ACD may vary the initial charge up to the maximum permitted by giving the Depositary notice of the change and amending the Prospectus.

Subject to the COLL Rules, the basis upon which prices may be calculated and any discounts on the initial charge are at the discretion of the ACD.

The minimum initial investment in the Fund which any one person can purchase, and the minimum holding in Income Shares and Accumulation Shares is £1,000. The ACD at its discretion can waive these requirements.

Shares may be purchased or sold by telephoning 0345 850 0255 or writing to: Yealand Fund Services Limited, Stuart House, St John's Street, Peterborough, PE1 5DD. For your protection calls are recorded. A contract note will be issued to confirm any sale of shares with payment being issued on the third business day following the pricing of the sale and all necessary renunciation documentation being received by the ACD. The time for telephone deals is 09:00 – 17:00 every business day.

ACD's approach to dilution

Unusually high levels of buying and selling may increase the Company's dealing costs and affect the value of its assets. This is known as 'dilution'.

To prevent this and to protect the interests of the majority of shareholders, the ACD at its discretion may charge a dilution levy. If charged, the dilution levy will be paid into the Company for the benefit of shareholders and will become part of the property of the Company.

Revenue

The Company offers accumulation and income shares which entitle shareholders to a share in any distribution of the revenue made by the Company, less expenses and applicable taxation, provided they retain those shares until and including the Company's dividend dates i.e. 31 December and 30 June each year. Any revenue to be distributed to shareholders is paid out on the Company's dividend pay dates i.e. end of February and the end of August each year. The revenue may be paid to shareholders directly to certain bank and building society accounts (BACS), by cheque or reinvested in the Company.

Tax

Capital gains

Authorised Funds are currently exempt from capital gains tax on the disposal of their investments. UK residents who are individuals or trusts may be liable to UK taxation of capital gains arising from the sale or other disposal of shares in the Company, if their total gains from all sources exceed the exemption limit for the tax year in which the disposal takes place. UK corporates will be subject to corporation tax on chargeable gains on profits made on the disposal of their shares in the Company.

General information

continued

Income tax

The following paragraphs summarise the basis of taxation on distributions, based on current legislation.

UK resident individuals are taxed on the sum of their distributions in excess of the tax-free dividend allowance of £2,000. Basic rate taxpayers will pay 8.75% income tax on dividends received in excess of the dividend allowance, higher rate taxpayers will pay 33.75% income tax, and additional rate taxpayers will pay 39.35% income tax. The dividend allowance is not available to Trusts.

Potential investors are advised to seek professional advice.

Corporate holders

For corporate shareholders, where the gross income from which the dividend distribution is made is not wholly franked investment income, part of the distribution is received as an annual payment. Corporate shareholders will be subject to corporation tax on the non-franked element of distributions, which will be covered by the tax withheld by the Fund.

The amount of tax recoverable on dividends deemed to be annual payments will match the corporation tax paid by the Fund.

It should be noted that levels and bases of tax may be subject to change.

If investors are in any doubt as to their taxation position they should consult their professional advisor.

Emoluments of the Independent Directors

The Company's board of Directors shall be comprised of Independent Directors in addition to the ACD. The Independent Directors shall receive fees for their services to the Company, such fees being payable out of the property attributable to the Company.

The Independent Directors as at the date of this report are:

Simon Longfellow

The Independent Directors shall retire after serving no more than three years in office and their reappointment, or the appointment of alternative or additional Directors, shall be subject to a Shareholder vote at the relevant annual general meeting of the Company and subject to FCA approval in accordance with the Regulations.

The aggregate remuneration of the Independent Directors shall not exceed £250,000 per annum.

As at the date of this report the aggregate remuneration was:

	Directors Emoluments £	Employers NIC £	Total Remuneration £
S. Longfellow	20,000	1,565	<u>21,565</u>

A daily accrual based on such agreed sum is made and fees are payable at the end of each quarter.

Further information

The information in this report is designed to enable shareholders to make an informed judgement on the activities of the Company during the period it covers and the result of those activities at the end of the period.

The following are available online at www.yealand.com or at the registered office of the ACD:

- Current
 - Price
 - Yield
 - Distribution rates
- Key Investor Information Document (KIID)
- Full Report & Accounts

The Company Prospectus is available free of charge on request from the ACD.

For more information about the activities and performance of the Company during the period, please contact the ACD at the address as noted on page 30, or online at <http://electricandgeneral.com>.

Directory

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Independent Director of Electric & General Investment Fund

Simon Longfellow

Fund administration, dealing and registration

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